

REAL CORP 2024

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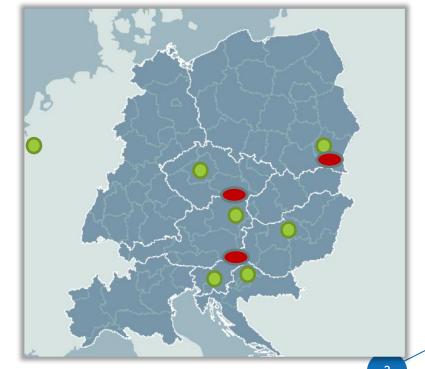
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Accessible Spaces For All Ce-spaces4all Project Identification

- 12 partners
- 16 associated partners
- 6 CE countries and 1 EU organisation
- **3.** 2023 02. 2026
- 3 pilot regions
- www.interreg-central.eu/projects/CE-Spaces4Aall





Accessible Spaces For All

CONTENT:

- Project objectives
- Data collection process
- Data collecting
- WEB ACCESSIBILITY VIEWER
- Developing tools and services
- Capacity building, policy uptake and mainstreaming events

Project objectives

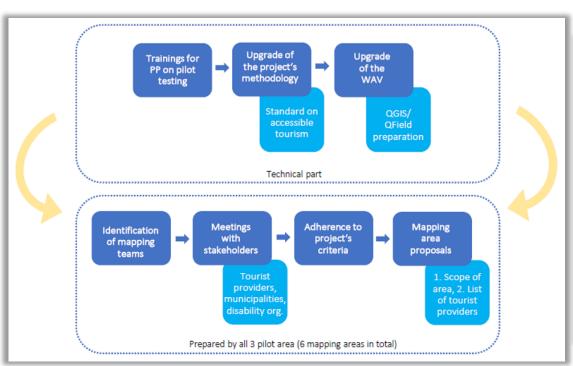
IMRPOVE GOVERNANCE AWARENESS-RAISING CAPACITY BUILDING ON ACCESSIBILITY FOR PWD CHANGE OF BEHAVIOUR

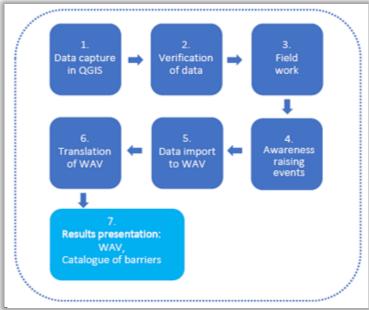
Developing a joint tool for evidence-based territorial planning
Developing tools and services for independent tourism travel of PWD
Mainstreaming and policy uptake

Data collection process to improve accessibility for persons with disabilities

- data collection process for collecting information about accessibility for persons with disabilities in the context of tourism.
- The collected data will provide valuable information to assist persons with disabilities in making informed decisions about their travel plans, ensuring that their specific needs are met.

Preparation for data collecting process





MEETINGS WITH TOURIST PROVIDERS





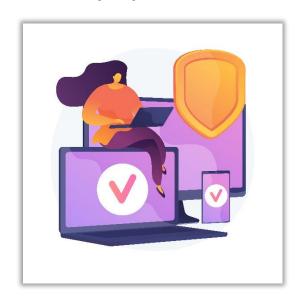


Phases of data collecting

The data collecting process for this project is divided into 3 distinct phases



Office data collecting



Verification of data



Field data collecting

Data collection process - use of spatial data

The data collecting process begins with the acquisition and integration of open spatial data resources.

- 1. QGIS
- 2. QField for QGIS
- 3. ESRI basemaps
- 4. Open Street Map
- 5. Google Street View





All photos: Geodetic institute of Slovenia

Data collection process - inclusive approach - accessible places for all

The data collection process will focus on capturing information that is relevant to persons with:

Persons with mobility impairments

Blind people and persons with visual impairments

Deaf people and persons with hearing impairment

Standardised accessibility criteria and guidelines are used to evaluate and record the accessibility status of pathways, transportation facilities, public buildings, and other relevant

amenities.





Inclusive approach - accessible places for all

- inclusive design spaces and products are accessible to the widest range of individuals and that the persons with disabilities are involved in the process (eg. Planning, data collecting, writing of methodology)- a more inclusive and equal society
- It benefits one target groups and does not harm others (eg.TWSI, audible pedestrian semaphore, slopes, etc.)
- Data in Slovenia were collected for all 3 vulnerable groups, planned for 5 vulnerable groups
- Identified categories that are key to improve accessibility and the development of tourism products:
 - unknown accessibility
 - fully wheelchair accessible
 - partially wheelchair accessible
 - not wheelchair accessible



Data collection - rules and guidelines

The methodology specifically refers to the rules and guidelines outlined in the:

- ISO standard 21542:2021 Building construction Accessibility and usability
 of the built environment.
- ISO standard 21902:2021 Tourism and related services Accessible tourism for all - Requirements and recommendations

It provides **criteria for evaluating** the accessibility and usability of different elements within the built environment, facilitating the identification of potential barriers and opportunities for improvement in urban and natural / rural area.

Data collecting



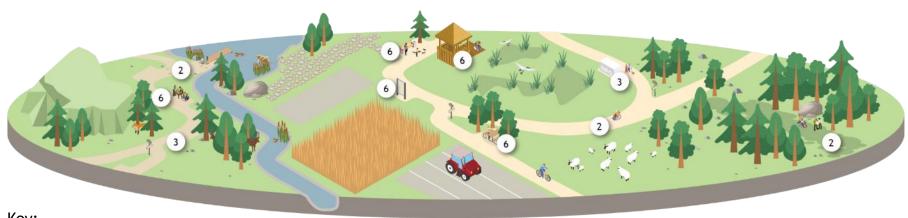
- Key:
- 1 Barriers
- 2 Paths
- 3 Tourism facilities

- 4 Public transport stations
- 5 Parking place
- 6 Points of interest

- 7 Tactile walking surface indicators
- 8 Audible pedestrian semaphore

Data collecting

Natural or rural area:



Key:

1 Barriers

2 Paths

3 Tourism facilities

4 Public transport stations

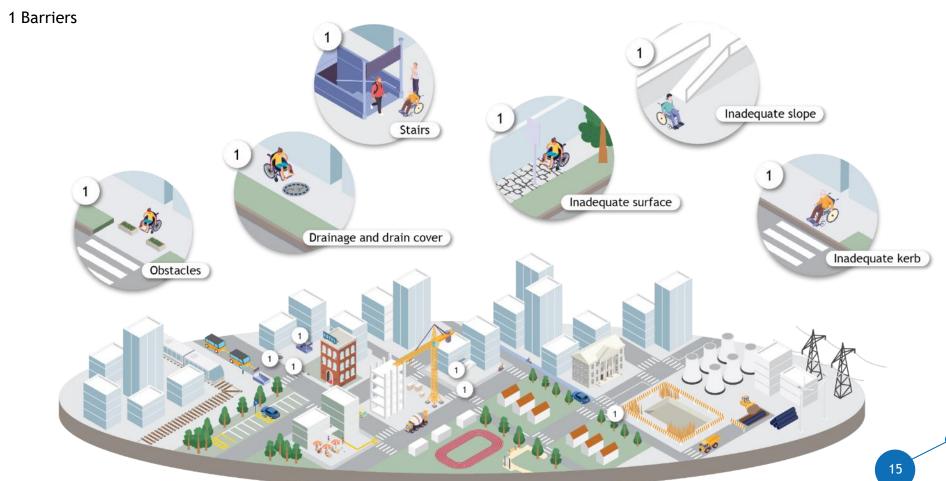
5 Parking place

6 Points of interest

7 Tactile walking surface indicators

8 Audible pedestrian semaphore

Key:

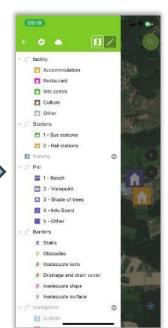


Data collecting

Data capture in QGIS



Data capture and verification on the field with QField





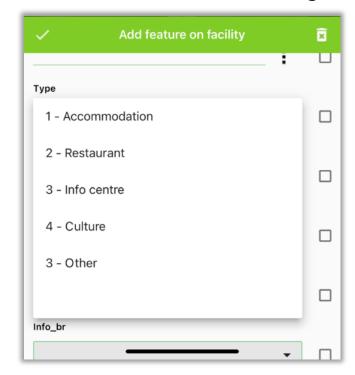
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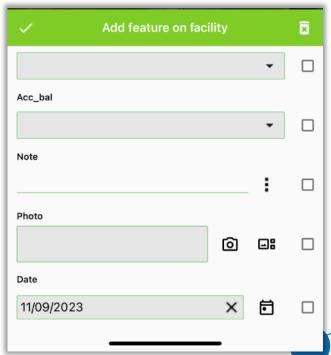
Data collecting with mobile devices and verification on the field with Qfield

Adding point data



Editing attributes

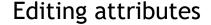


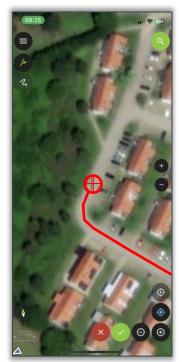


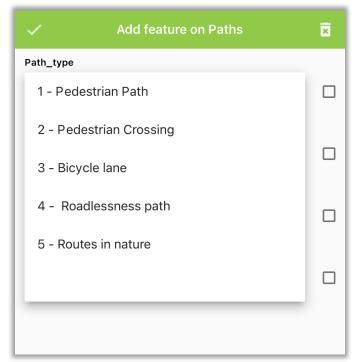
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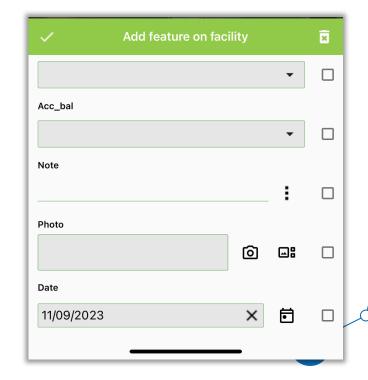
Data collecting with mobile devices and verification on the field with Qfield

Adding line data







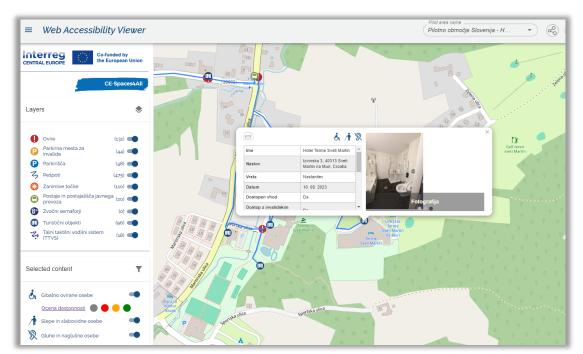


All photos: Geodetic institute of Slovenia

WEB ACCESSIBILITY VIEWER - https://spaces4all.gis.si/

To be used:

- by policy makers, to improve spatial management
- the tourism sector to review accessible tourism sites, facilities for PWD and barriers in the pilot areas



Developing tools and services for independent tourism travel of persons with disabilities



Capacity building for developing accessible tourism tools and services for persons with disabilities)



Joint
participatory
development and
testing of tools
and services in
the pilot area SIHR-HU, AT-CZ,
Poland (PL)12



Outputs:
3 pilot actions jointly implemented
3 sets of services and tools jointly developed or upscaled (1 for each

pilota area)

Capacity building, policy uptake and mainstreaming events

Joint strategy for improving territorial planning for accessible tourism in Central Europe

Participatory development of action plans for improving the accessibility of tourism in the 3 project pilot tourism areas



Photo: edf-feph.org



Photo: pexels.com/free to use

Mainstreaming on regional/natio nal/EU level



Outputs:

3 pilot actions jointly implemented 3 action plans for accessible tourism

Programme result indicator:

- 1. Participatory co-design and capacity building process to develop main outputs
- 2. A Joint Strategy
- 3. Organisations cooperating across borders after project completion



CE-Spaces4All Thank you for your attention! Time for Q&A